



The Holy See

OFFICE FOR THE LITURGICAL CELEBRATIONS
OF THE SUPREME PONTIFF

***STATIONS OF THE CROSS
AT THE COLOSSEUM***

LED BY HIS HOLINESS
POPE JOHN PAUL II

GOOD FRIDAY 2000
HOLY YEAR

MEDITATION AND PRAYERS
OF HIS HOLINESS
POPE JOHN PAUL II

OPENING PRAYER

The Holy Father:

In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit.

R. *Amen.*

“If any man would come after me, let him deny himself and take up his cross and follow me” (Mt 16:24).

Good Friday evening.
For twenty centuries
the Church has gathered on this evening
to remember and to re-live
the events of the final stage
of the earthly journey of the Son of God.

Once again this year,
the Church in Rome
meets at the Colosseum,
to follow the footsteps of Jesus,
who “went out, carrying his cross,
to the place called the place of the skull,
which is called in Hebrew Golgotha” (*Jn 19:17*).

We are here
because we are convinced that the *Way of the Cross* of the Son of God
was not simply a journey
to the place of execution.
We believe that every step of the Condemned Christ,
every action and every word,
as well as everything felt and done
by those who took part in this tragic drama,
continues to speak to us.
In his suffering and death too,
Christ reveals to us the truth about God and man.

In this Jubilee Year
we want to concentrate
on the full meaning of that event,
so that what happened may speak with new power
to our minds and hearts,
and become the source of the grace
of a real sharing in it.
To share means to have a part.

What does it mean to have a part
in the Cross of Christ?
It means to experience, in the Holy Spirit,
the love hidden within the Cross of Christ.
It means to recognize, in the light of this love,
our own cross.
It means to take up that cross once more and,
strengthened by this love, to continue our journey...
To journey through life, in imitation of the one who “endured the cross,
despising the shame, and is seated at the right hand of the throne of God” (*Heb 12:2*).

Brief pause for silence.

Let us pray.

Lord Jesus Christ,
 fill our hearts with the light of your Spirit,
 so that by following you on your final journey
 we may come to know the price of our Redemption
 and become worthy of a share
 in the fruits of your Passion, Death and Resurrection.
 You who live and reign for ever and ever.

R. *Amen.*

FIRST STATION

Jesus is condemned to death

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

RI. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

“Are you the King of the Jews?” (*Jn 18:33*).

“My Kingdom is not of this world; if my Kingdom were of this world, my servants would fight, that I might not be handed over to the Jews; but my Kingdom is not from the world” (*Jn 18:36*).

Pilate said to him:

- “So you are a king?”

Jesus answered:

- “You say that I am a king. For this I was born, and for this I have come into the world, to bear witness to the truth. Everyone who is of the truth hears my voice.”

Pilate said in answer:

“What is truth?”.

At this point, the Roman Procurator saw no need for further questions. He went to the Jews and told them: “I find no crime in him” (cf. *Jn 18:37-38*).

The tragedy of Pilate is hidden in the question: *What is truth?*

This was no philosophical question about the nature of truth, but an existential question about *his own relationship with truth*. It was an attempt to escape from the voice of conscience, which was pressing him to acknowledge the truth and follow it. When someone refuses to be guided by truth he is ultimately ready even to condemn an innocent person to death.

The accusers sense this weakness in Pilate and so do not yield. They relentlessly call for death by crucifixion. Pilate’s attempts at half measures are of no avail. The cruel punishment of scourging inflicted upon the Accused is not enough. When the Procurator brings Jesus, scourged and

crowned with thorns, before the crowd, he seems to be looking for words which he thinks might soften the intransigence of the mob.

Pointing to Jesus he says: *Ecce homo!* Behold the man!

But the answer comes back: "Crucify him, crucify him!"

Pilate then tries to buy time: "Take him yourselves and crucify him, for I find no crime in him" (*Jn* 19:5-7).

He is increasingly convinced that the Accused is innocent, but this is not enough for him to decide in his favour.

The accusers use their final argument: "If you release this man, you are no friend of Caesar; everyone who makes himself a king sets himself against Caesar" (*Jn* 19:12).

This is clearly a threat. Recognizing the danger, Pilate finally gives in and pronounces the sentence. But not without the contemptuous gesture of washing his hands: "I am innocent of this ... blood; see to it yourselves!" (*Mt* 27:24).

Thus was Jesus, the Son of the living God, the Redeemer of the world, condemned to death by crucifixion.

Over the centuries the denial of truth has spawned suffering and death.

It is the innocent who pay the price of human hypocrisy.

Half measures are never enough. Nor is it enough to wash one's hands.

Responsibility for the blood of the just remains.

This is why Christ prayed so fervently for his disciples in every age:

Father, "sanctify them in the truth; your word is truth" (*Jn* 17:17).

PRAYER

Lord Jesus Christ, you accepted an unjust judgment.

Grant to us and to all the men and women of our time

the grace to remain faithful to the truth.

Do not allow the weight of responsibility

for the sufferings of the innocent

fall upon us and upon those who come after us.

To you, O Jesus, just Judge,

be honour and glory for ever and ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father...

Stabat Mater.

At the Cross her station keeping
 stood the mournful Mother weeping,
 close to Jesus to the last.

SECOND STATION*Jesus takes up his Cross*

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

RI. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

The cross. The instrument of a shameful death.

It was not lawful to condemn a Roman citizen to death by crucifixion: it was too humiliating. The moment that Jesus of Nazareth took up the Cross in order to carry it to Calvary marked a turning-point in the history of the cross.

The symbol of a shameful death, reserved for the lowest classes, the cross *becomes a key*. From now on, with the help of this key, man will open the door of the deepest mystery of God.

Through Christ's acceptance of the Cross, the instrument of his own self-emptying, men will come to know that *God is love*.

Love without limits: "God so loved the world that he gave his only Son, that whoever believes in him should not perish but have eternal life" (*Jn 3:16*).

This truth about God was revealed in the Cross.

Could it not have been revealed in some other way?

Perhaps. But God *chose the Cross*.

The Father chose the Cross for his Son, and his Son shouldered it, carried it to Mount Calvary and on it offered his life.

"In the Cross there is suffering,

in the Cross there is salvation,

in the Cross there is a lesson of love.

O God, he who once has understood you,

desires nothing else, seeks nothing else" (*Polish Lenten hymn*).

The Cross is the sign of a love without limits!

PRAYER

Lord Jesus Christ, who accept the Cross at the hands of men
 to make of it the sign
 of God's saving love for humanity,

grant us and all the men and women of our time
 the grace of faith in this infinite love.
 By passing on to the new millennium
 the sign of the Cross,
 may we be authentic witnesses to the Redemption.
 To you, O Jesus, Priest and Victim,
 be praise and glory for ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father...

Stabat Mater:

Through her heart, his sorrow sharing,
 all his bitter anguish bearing,
 now at length the sword had passed.

THIRD STATION

Jesus falls the first time

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

RI. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

“God laid on him the sins of us all” (cf. *Is* 53:6).

“All we like sheep have gone astray;
 we have turned every one to his own way;
 and the Lord has laid on him
 the iniquity of us all” (*Is* 53:6).

Jesus falls under the Cross. This will happen three times along the comparatively short stretch of the “via dolorosa”.

Exhaustion makes him fall. His body is stained with blood from the scourging, his head is crowned with thorns. All this causes his strength to fail.

So he falls, and the weight of the Cross crushes him to the ground.

We must go back to the words of the Prophet, who foresaw this fall centuries earlier. It is as though he were contemplating it with his own eyes: seeing the Servant of the Lord, on the ground under the weight of the Cross, he tells us the real cause of his fall. It is this: “*God laid on him the*

sins of us all’.

It was our sins that crushed the divine Condemned One to the ground.

It was our sins that determined the weight of the Cross that he carries on his shoulders.

It was our sins that made him fall.

With difficulty Christ gets up again to continue his journey.

The soldiers escorting him urge him on with shouts and blows.

After a moment the procession sets out again.

Jesus falls and gets up again.

In this way, the Redeemer of the world addresses in a wordless way all those who fall. *He exhorts them to get up again.*

“He himself bore our sins in his body on the wood of the cross, that we might no longer live for sin but for righteousness – by his wounds we have been healed” (cf. *1 Pt 2:24*).

PRAYER

O Christ, as you fall under the weight of our faults
and rise again for our justification,

we pray, help us

and all who are weighed down by sin

to stand up again

and continue the journey.

Give us the strength of the Spirit

to carry with you the cross of our weakness.

To you, O Jesus, crushed under the weight of our faults

be our praise and love for ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father...

Stabat Mater:

Oh, how sad and sore distressed

was that Mother highly blessed

of the sole begotten One!

FOURTH STATION

Jesus meets his Mother

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

RI. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

“Do not be afraid, Mary, for you have found favour with God. And behold, you will conceive in your womb and bear a son, and you shall call his name Jesus. He will be great, and will be called the Son of the Most High; and the Lord God will give to him the throne of his father David, and he will reign over the house of Jacob for ever; and his kingdom will have no end” (*Lk 1:30-33*).

Mary remembered these words. She often returned to them in the secret of her heart.

When she met her Son on the way of the Cross, perhaps these very words came to her mind. With particular force.

“He will reign... His kingdom will have no end”, the heavenly messenger had said.

Now, as she watches her Son, condemned to death, carrying the Cross on which he must die, she might ask herself, all too humanly: So how can these words be fulfilled? In what way will he reign over the House of David? And how can it be that his kingdom will have no end?

Humanly speaking, these are reasonable questions.

But Mary remembered that, when she first heard the Angel’s message, she had replied: “Behold, I am the handmaid of the Lord. May it be done to me according to your word” (*Lk 1:38*).

Now she sees that her word is being fulfilled as the *word of the Cross*. Because she is a mother, Mary suffers deeply. But she answers now as she had answered then, at the Annunciation: “*May it be done to me according to your word*”.

In this way, as a mother would, she embraces the cross together with the divine Condemned One. On the way of the Cross Mary shows herself to be the Mother of the Redeemer of the world.

“All you who pass by the way, look and see whether there is any suffering like my suffering, which has been dealt me” (*Lam 1:12*).

It is the Sorrowful Mother who speaks,
the Handmaid who is obedient to the last,
the Mother of the Redeemer of the world.

PRAYER

O Mary, who walked
the way of the Cross with your Son,
your mother’s heart torn by grief,
but mindful always of your *fiat*
and fully confident that He to whom nothing is impossible
would be able to fulfil his promises,
implore for us and for the generations yet to come
the grace of surrender to God’s love.

Help us, in the face of suffering, rejection, and trial,
 however prolonged and severe,
 never to doubt his love.
 To Jesus, your Son,
 honour and glory for ever and ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father ...

Stabat Mater.

Christ above in torment hangs,
 she beneath beholds the pangs
 of her dying, glorious Son.

FIFTH STATION

Simon of Cyrene helps Jesus to carry his Cross

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

RI. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

They compelled Simon (cf. *Mk 15:21*).

The Roman soldiers did this because they feared that in his exhaustion the Condemned Man would not be able to carry the Cross as far as Golgotha. Then they would not be able to carry out the sentence of crucifixion.

They were looking for someone to help carry the Cross.

Their eyes fell on Simon. They compelled him to take the weight upon his shoulders. We can imagine that Simon did not want to do this and objected. Carrying the cross together with a convict could be considered an act offensive to the dignity of a free man.

Although unwilling, Simon took up the Cross to help Jesus.

In a Lenten hymn we hear the words: "Under the weight of the Cross Jesus welcomes the Cyrenean". These words allow us to discern a total change of perspective: the divine Condemned One is someone who, in a certain sense, "*makes a gift*" of his Cross.

Was it not he who said: "He who does not take up his cross and follow me is not worthy of me" (*Mt 10:38*)?

Simon receives a gift.

He has become "worthy" of it.

What the crowd might see as an offence to his dignity has, from the perspective of redemption, given him a new dignity.

In a unique way, the Son of God has made him a sharer in his work of salvation.

Is Simon aware of this?

The evangelist Mark identifies Simon of Cyrene as the "father of Alexander and Rufus" (15:21).

If the sons of Simon of Cyrene were known to the first Christian community, it can be presumed that Simon too, while carrying the Cross, came to believe in Christ. From being forced, he freely accepted, as though deeply touched by the words: "Whoever does not carry his cross with me is not worthy of me."

By his carrying of the Cross, *Simon was brought to the knowledge of the gospel of the Cross.*

Since then, this gospel has spoken to many, countless Cyreneans, called in the course of history to carry the cross with Jesus.

PRAYER

O Christ, you gave to Simon of Cyrene
the dignity of carrying your Cross.
Welcome us too under its weight,
welcome all men and women
and grant to everyone the gift of readiness to serve.
Do not permit that we should turn away from those
who are crushed by the cross of illness
loneliness, hunger or injustice.
As we carry each other's burdens,
help us to become witnesses to the gospel of the Cross
and witnesses to you,
who live and reign for ever and ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father . . .

Stabat Mater:

Is there one who would not weep,
whelmed in miseries so deep,
Christ's dear Mother to behold?

SIXTH STATION

Veronica wipes the face of Jesus

Vi. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

Ri. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

Veronica does not appear in the Gospels. Her name is not mentioned, even though the names of other women who accompanied Jesus do appear.

It is possible, therefore, that the name refers more to what the woman did. In fact, according to tradition, on the road to Calvary a woman pushed her way through the soldiers escorting Jesus and with a veil wiped the sweat and blood from the Lord's face. That face remained imprinted on the veil, a faithful reflection, a "*true icon*". This would be the reason for the name Veronica.

If this is so, the name which evokes the memory of what this woman did carries with it the deepest *truth about her*.

One day, Jesus drew the criticism of onlookers when he defended a sinful woman who had poured perfumed oil on his feet and dried them with her hair. To those who objected, he replied: "Why do you trouble this woman? For she has done a beautiful thing to me . . . In pouring this ointment on my body she has done it to prepare me for burial" (*Mt 26:10, 12*). These words could likewise be applied to Veronica.

Thus we see the profound eloquence of this event.

The Redeemer of the world presents Veronica with an authentic image of his face. The veil upon which the face of Christ remains imprinted becomes a message for us.

In a certain sense it says: This is how every act of goodness, every gesture of true love towards one's neighbour, strengthens the likeness of the Redeemer of the world in the one who acts that way.

Acts of love do not pass away. Every act of goodness, of understanding, of service leaves on people's hearts an indelible imprint and makes us ever more like the One who "emptied himself, taking the form of a servant" (*Phil 2:7*).

This is what shapes our identity and gives us our true name.

PRAYER

Lord Jesus Christ,
 you accepted a woman's
 selfless gesture of love,
 and in exchange ordained
 that future generations should remember her
 by the name of your face.
 Grant that our works

and the works of all who will come after us
 will make us like unto you
 and will leave in the world the reflection
 of your infinite love.
 To you, O Jesus, splendour of the Father's glory,
 be praise and glory for ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father . . .

Stabat Mater.

Can the human heart refrain
 from partaking in her pain,
 in that Mother's untold pain?

SEVENTH STATION

Jesus falls the second time

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

RI. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

"I am a worm, and no man; scorned by men, and despised by the people" (*Ps 22:6*). These words of the Psalm come to mind as we see Jesus fall to the ground a second time under the Cross. Here in the dust of the earth lies the Condemned One. Crushed by the weight of his Cross. His strength drains away from him more and more. But with great effort he gets up again to continue his march.

To us sinners, what does this second fall say? More than the first one, it seems to urge us to get up, *to get up again* on our way of the cross.

Cyprian Norwid wrote: "Not behind us with the Saviour's Cross, but behind the Saviour with our own Cross." A brief saying, but one that conveys much truth. It explains how Christianity is the religion of the Cross.

It tells us that every person here below meets Christ who carries the Cross and falls under its weight.

In his turn, Christ, on the way to Calvary, meets every man and woman and, falling under the weight of the Cross, does not cease to proclaim the good news.

For two thousand years the gospel of the Cross has spoken to man.

For twenty centuries Christ, getting up again from his fall, meets those who fall.

Throughout these two millennia many people have learned that falling does not mean the end of the road.

In meeting the Saviour they have heard his reassuring words:

“My grace is sufficient for you; for my power is made perfect in weakness” (2 Cor 12:9).

Comforted, they have gotten up again and brought to the world the word of *hope which comes from the Cross*.

Today, having crossed the threshold of the new millennium, we are called to penetrate more deeply the meaning of this encounter.

Our generation must pass on to future centuries the good news that we are lifted up again in Christ.

PRAYER

Lord Jesus Christ,

you fall under the weight of human sin

and you get up again in order to take it upon yourself and cancel it.

Give to us, weak men and women,

the strength to carry the cross of daily life

and to get up again from our falls,

so that we may bring to future generations

the Gospel of your saving power.

To you, O Jesus, our support when we are weak,

be praise and glory for ever.

R. *Amen*.

All:

Our Father . . .

Stabat Mater:

Bruised, derided, cursed, defiled,

she beheld her tender Child,

all with bloody scourges rent.

EIGHTH STATION

Jesus speaks to the women of Jerusalem

VI. *We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.*

RI. *Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.*

“Daughters of Jerusalem, do not weep for me,
but weep for yourselves and for your children.
For behold, the days are coming when they will say,
'Blessed are the barren, and the wombs that never bore,
and the breasts that never gave suck!'
Then they will begin to say to the mountains,
'Fall on us'; and to the hills, 'Cover us.'
For if they do this when the wood is green,
what will happen when it is dry?” (Lk 23:28-31).

These are the words of Jesus to the women of Jerusalem who were weeping with compassion for the Condemned One.

“Do not weep for me, but weep for yourselves and for your children.” At the time it was certainly difficult to understand the meaning of these words. They contained a prophecy that would soon come to pass.

Shortly before, Jesus had wept over Jerusalem, foretelling the terrible fate that awaited the city.

Now he seems to be referring again to that fate: “Weep for your children . . .”

Weep, because these, your very children, will be witnesses and will share in the destruction of Jerusalem, the Jerusalem which “*did not know the time of her visitation*” (cf. Lk 19:44).

If, as we follow Christ on the way of the Cross, our hearts are moved with pity for his suffering, we cannot forget that admonition.

“For if they do this when the wood is green, what will happen when it is dry?”

For our generation, which has just left a millennium behind, rather than weep for Christ crucified, it is now the time for us to recognize “*the time of our visitation*”. Already the dawn of the resurrection is shining forth.

“Behold, now is the acceptable time; behold, now is the day of salvation” (2 Cor 6:2).

To each of us Christ addresses these words of the book of Revelation: “Behold, I stand at the door and knock; if any one hears my voice and opens the door, I will come in to him and eat with him, and he with me. He who conquers, I will grant him to sit with me on my throne, as I myself conquered and sat down with my Father on his throne” (3:20- 21).

PRAYER

O Christ, you came into this world
to visit all those who await salvation.
Grant that our generation
will recognize the time of its visitation

and share in the fruits of your redemption.
 Do not permit that there should be weeping for us
 and for the men and women of the new century
 because we have rejected our merciful Father's outstretched hand.
 To you, O Jesus, born of the Virgin Daughter of Zion,
 be honour and praise for ever and ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father ...

Stabat Mater:

Let me share with you his pain
 who for all my sin was slain,
 who for me in torments died.

NINTH STATION

Jesus falls the third time

Vi. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

Ri. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

Once more Christ has fallen to the ground under the weight of the Cross. The crowd watches, wondering whether he will have the strength to rise again.

Saint Paul writes: "Though he was in the form of God, he did not count equality with God a thing to be grasped, but emptied himself taking the form of a servant, being born in human likeness. And being found in human form, he humbled himself and became obedient unto death, even death on a Cross" (*Phil 2:6-8*).

The third fall seems to express just this:

the self-emptying, the kenosis of the Son of God,
 his humiliation beneath the Cross.

Jesus had said to the disciples that he had come not to be served but to serve (cf. *Mt 20:28*).

In the Upper Room, bending low to the ground and washing their feet, he sought, as it were, *to prepare them for this humiliation of his.*

Falling to the ground for the third time on the way of the Cross, *he cries out loudly to us once more*

the mystery of himself.

Let us listen to his voice!

This Condemned Man, crushed to the ground beneath the weight of the Cross, now very near the place of punishment, tells us: "I am the way, and the truth and the life" (*Jn 14:6*). "He who follows me will not walk in darkness, but will have the light of life" (*Jn 8:12*).

Let us not be dismayed by the sight of a condemned man, who falls to the ground exhausted under the cross.

Within this outward sign of the death which is approaching the light of life lies hidden.

PRAYER

Lord Jesus Christ,
 through your humiliation beneath the Cross
 you revealed to the world the price of its redemption.
 Grant to the men and women of the third millennium
 the light of faith,
 so that, as they recognize in you
 the Suffering Servant of God and man,
 they may have the courage to follow the same path
 which, by way of the Cross and self-emptying,
 leads to life without end.
 To you, O Jesus, our support when we are weak,
 be honour and glory for ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father ...

Stabat Mater:

O you Mother, fount of love!
 Touch my spirit from above,
 make my heart with yours accord.

TENTH STATION

Jesus is stripped and offered gall and vinegar to drink

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

R/. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

“When he tasted it, he would not drink it” (*Mt 27:34*).

He did not want a sedative, which would have dulled his consciousness during the agony.

He wanted *to be fully aware as he suffered on the Cross*, accomplishing the mission he had received from the Father.

That was not what the soldiers in charge of the execution were used to. Since they had to nail the condemned man to the Cross, they tried to dull his senses and his consciousness.

But with Christ this could not be. Jesus knows that his death on the Cross must be a sacrifice of expiation.

This is why he wants to remain alert to the very end.

Without consciousness, he could not, in complete freedom, accept the *full measure of suffering*.

Behold, he must mount the Cross, in order to offer the sacrifice of the New Covenant.

He is the Priest. By means of his own blood, he must enter the eternal dwelling-places, having accomplished the world’s redemption (cf. *Heb 9:12*).

Conscience and freedom: these are the essential elements of fully human action.

The world has so many ways of weakening the will and of darkening conscience.

They must be carefully defended from all violence.

Even the legitimate attempt to control pain must always be done with respect for human dignity.

If life and death are to retain their true value, the depths of Christ’s sacrifice must be understood, and we must unite ourselves to that sacrifice if we are to hold firm.

PRAYER

Lord Jesus,
 who, with supreme dedication,
 accepted death on the Cross for our salvation,
 grant to us and to all the world’s people
 a share in your sacrifice on the Cross,
 so that what we are and what we do
 may always be a free and conscious sharing
 in your work of salvation.

To you, O Jesus, Priest and Victim,
 be honour and glory for ever.

R. Amen.

All:

Our Father ...

Stabat Mater.

Make me feel as you have felt;
make my soul to glow and melt
with the love of Christ our Lord.

ELEVENTH STATION

Jesus is nailed to the Cross

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

RI. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

“They tear holes in my hands and my feet; I can count every one of my bones” (*Ps 21:17- 18*).

The words of the Prophet are fulfilled.

The execution begins.

The torturers’ blows crush the hands and feet of the Condemned One against the wood of the Cross.

The nails are driven violently into his wrists. Those nails will hold the condemned man as he hangs in the midst of the inexpressible torments of his agony.

In his body and his supremely sensitive spirit, Christ suffers in a way beyond words.

With him there are crucified two real criminals, one on his right, the other on his left. The prophecy is fulfilled: “He was numbered among the transgressors” (*Is 53:12*).

Once the torturers raise the Cross, there will begin an agony that will last three hours. This word too must be fulfilled: “When I am lifted up from the earth, *I will draw all people to myself*” (*Jn 12:32*).

What is it that “draws” us to the Condemned One in agony on the Cross?

Certainly the sight of such intense suffering stirs compassion. But compassion is not enough to lead us to bind our very life to the One who hangs on the Cross.

How is it that, generation after generation, this appalling sight has drawn countless hosts of people who have made the Cross the hallmark of their faith?

Hosts of men and women who for centuries have lived and given their lives looking to this sign?

From the Cross, Christ draws us *by the power of love*,

divine Love, which did not recoil from the total gift of self;

infinite Love, which on the tree of the Cross raised up from the earth the weight of Christ’s body, to counterbalance the weight of the first sin;

boundless Love, which has utterly filled every absence of love and allowed humanity to find refuge once more in the arms of the merciful Father.

May Christ lifted high on the Cross draw us too, the men and women of the new millennium!

In the shadow of the Cross, let us “walk in love, as Christ loved us and gave himself up for us, a

fragrant offering and sacrifice to God” (*Eph 5:2*).

PRAYER

O Christ lifted high,
 O Love crucified,
 fill our hearts with your love,
 that we may see in your Cross
 the sign of our redemption
 and, drawn by your wounds,
 we may live and die with you,
 who live and reign with the Father and the Spirit,
 now and for ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father ...

Stabat Mater.

Holy Mother, pierce me through;
 in my heart each wound renew
 of my Saviour crucified.

TWELFTH STATION

Jesus dies on the Cross

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

RI. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

“Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do” (*Lk 23:34*).

At the height of his Passion, Christ does not forget man, especially those who are directly responsible for his suffering. Jesus knows that more than anything else man needs love; he needs the mercy which at this moment is being poured out on the world.

“Truly, I say to you, today you will be with me in Paradise” (*Lk 23:43*).

This is how Jesus replies to the plea of the criminal hanging on his right: “Jesus, remember me when you come into your kingdom” (*Lk 23:42*).

The promise of a new life. This is the first fruit of the Passion and imminent Death of Christ. A

word of hope to man.

At the foot of the Cross stood Mary, and beside her the disciple, John the Evangelist. Jesus says: "Woman, behold your son!" and to the disciple: "Behold your mother!" (*Jn 19:26-27*).

"And from that moment the disciple took her to his own home" (*Jn 19:27*).

This is his bequest to those dearest to his heart.

His legacy to the Church.

The desire of Jesus as he dies is that the maternal love of Mary should embrace all those for whom he is giving his life, the whole of humanity.

Immediately after, Jesus cries out: "I am thirsty" (*Jn 19:28*). A word which describes the dreadful burning which consumes his whole body.

It is the one word which refers directly to his physical suffering.

Then Jesus adds: "My God, my God, why have you abandoned me?" (*Mt 27:46*; cf. *Ps 22:2*).

These words of the Psalm are his prayer. Despite their tone, these words reveal *the depths of his union with the Father*.

In the last moments of his life on earth, Jesus thinks of the Father. From this moment on, the dialogue will only be between the dying Son and the Father who accepts his sacrifice of love.

When the ninth hour comes, Jesus cries out: "It is accomplished!" (*Jn 19:30*).

Now the work of the redemption is complete.

The mission, for which he came on earth, has reached its goal.

The rest belongs to the Father:

"Father, into your hands I commit my spirit" (*Lk 23:46*).

And having said this, he breathed his last.

"The curtain of the temple was torn in two..." (*Mt 27:51*).

The "Holy of Holies" of the Jerusalem Temple is opened at the moment when it is entered by the Priest of the New and Eternal Covenant.

PRAYER

Lord Jesus Christ,
 in the moment of your agony
 you were not indifferent to humanity's fate,
 and with your last breath
 you entrusted to the Father's mercy
 the men and women of every age,
 with all their weaknesses and sins.
 Fill us and the generations yet to come
 with your Spirit of love,
 so that our indifference
 will not render vain in us

the fruits of your death.

To you, crucified Jesus, the wisdom and the power of God,
be honour and glory for ever and ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father ...

Stabat Mater:

She looked upon her sweet Son,
saw him hang in desolation,
till his spirit forth he sent.

THIRTEENTH STATION

Jesus is taken down from the Cross and given to his Mother

Vi. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

R/. Because by your holy Cross you have redeemed the world.

O quam tristis et afflicta

Fuit illa benedicta

Mater Unigeniti.

In the arms of his Mother they have placed the lifeless body of the Son. The Gospels say nothing of what she felt at that moment.

It is as though by their silence the Evangelists wished to respect her sorrow, her feelings and her memories. Or that they simply felt incapable of expressing them.

It is only the devotion of the centuries that has preserved the figure of the "Pietà", providing Christian memory with the most sorrowful image of the ineffable *bond of love* which blossomed in the Mother's heart on the day of the Annunciation and ripened as she waited for the birth of her divine Son.

That love was revealed in the cave at Bethlehem
and was tested already during the Presentation in the Temple.

It grew deeper as Mary stored and pondered in her heart all that was happening (cf. *Lk 2:51*).
Now this intimate bond of love must be transformed into a union which transcends the boundary

between life and death.

And thus it will be across the span of the centuries:

people pause at Michelangelo's statue of the Pietà, they kneel before the image of the loving and sorrowful Mother (*Smetna Dobrodziejka*) in the Church of the Franciscans in Kraków,

before the Mother of the Seven Sorrows, Patroness of Slovakia,

they venerate Our Lady of Sorrows in countless shrines in every part of the world.

And so *they learn the difficult love* which does not flee from suffering, but surrenders trustingly to the tenderness of God, for whom nothing is impossible (cf. *Lk 1:37*).

PRAYER

Salve, Regina, Mater misericordiae;

vita dulcedo et spes nostra, salve.

Ad te clamamus...

illos tuos misericordes oculos ad nos converte

et Iesum, benedictum fructum ventris tui,

nobis post hoc exilium ostende.

Implore for us the grace of faith, hope and charity,

so that we, like you,

may stand without flinching beneath the Cross

until our last breath.

To your Son, Jesus, our Saviour,

with the Father and the Holy Spirit,

all honour and glory for ever and ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father . . .

Stabat Mater:

Let me mingle tears with you,

mourning him who mourned for me,

all the days that I may live.

FOURTEENTH STATION

Jesus is laid in the tomb

VI. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you.

RI. Because by your holy cross you have redeemed the world.

“He was crucified, died and was buried...”

The lifeless body of Christ has been laid in the tomb. But the stone of the tomb is not the final seal on his work.

The last word belongs not to falsehood, hatred and violence.

The last word will be spoken by Love, which is stronger than death.

“Unless a grain of wheat falls into the earth and dies, it remains alone; but if it dies, it bears much fruit” (*Jn 12:24*).

The tomb is the last stage of Christ’s dying through the whole course of his earthly life; *it is the sign of his supreme sacrifice* for us and for our salvation.

Very soon this tomb will become *the first proclamation of praise and exaltation of the Son of God in the glory of the Father*.

“He was crucified, died and was buried, . . . on the third day he rose from the dead”.

Once the lifeless body of Jesus is laid in the tomb, at the foot of Golgotha, the Church begins the vigil of Holy Saturday.

In the depths of her heart, Mary stores and ponders the Passion of her Son;

the women agree to meet on the morning of the day after the Sabbath, in order to anoint Christ’s body with aromatic ointments;

the disciples gather in the seclusion of the Upper Room, waiting for the Sabbath to pass.

This vigil will end with the meeting at the tomb, the empty tomb of the Saviour.

Then the tomb, the silent witness of the Resurrection, will speak.

The stone rolled back, the inner chamber empty, the cloths on the ground,

this will be what John sees when he comes to the tomb with Peter:

“He saw and he believed” (*Jn 20:8*).

And with him *the Church believed*,

and from that moment she never grows weary of communicating to the world this fundamental truth of her faith:

“Christ has been raised from the dead, the first fruits of those who have fallen asleep” (*1 Cor 15:20*).

The empty tomb is *the sign of the definitive victory*

of truth over falsehood,

of good over evil,

of mercy over sin,

of life over death.

The empty tomb is *the sign of the hope* which “does not deceive” (*Rom 5:5*).

“[Our] hope is full of immortality” (cf. *Wis 3:4*).

PRAYER

Lord Jesus Christ,
 by the power of the Holy Spirit,
 you were drawn by the Father
 from the darkness of death
 to the light of a new life in glory.
 Grant that the sign of the empty tomb
 may speak to us and to future generations
 and become a wellspring of living faith,
 generous love,
 and unshakeable hope.
 To you, O Jesus, whose presence, hidden and victorious,
 fills the history of the world,
 be honour and glory for ever and ever.

R. *Amen.*

All:

Our Father . . .

Stabat Mater:

While my body here decays,
 may my soul your goodness praise,
 safe in paradise with you. Amen.
 The Holy Father addresses those present.

At the conclusion of his address the Holy Father imparts the Apostolic Blessing.

VI. The Lord be with you.

RI. And also with you.

VI. Blessed be the name of the Lord.

RI. Now and forever.

VI. Our help is in the name of the Lord.

RI. Who made heaven and earth.

**VI. May Almighty God bless you,
 the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Spirit.**

RI. Amen.

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